

## Laws of Logic

Logical Connective	Symbol	Python Operator	Precedence	Logic Gate
Negation (NOT)	$\neg$	<b>not</b>	Highest	
Conjunctive (AND)	$\wedge$	<b>and</b>	Medium	
Disjunctive (OR)	$\vee$	<b>or</b>	Lowest	

### Basic Rules of Logic

#### Commutative Laws

$$p \vee q \Leftrightarrow q \vee p \quad p \wedge q \Leftrightarrow q \wedge p$$

#### Associative Laws

$$(p \vee q) \vee r \Leftrightarrow p \vee (q \vee r) \quad (p \wedge q) \wedge r \Leftrightarrow p \wedge (q \wedge r)$$

#### Distributive Laws

$$p \wedge (q \vee r) \Leftrightarrow (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r) \quad p \vee (q \wedge r) \Leftrightarrow (p \vee q) \wedge (p \vee r)$$

#### Identity Laws

$$p \vee \mathbf{F} \Leftrightarrow p \quad p \wedge \mathbf{T} \Leftrightarrow p$$

#### Negation Laws

$$p \wedge (\neg p) \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{F} \quad p \vee (\neg p) \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{T}$$

#### Idempotent Laws

$$p \vee p \Leftrightarrow p \quad p \wedge p \Leftrightarrow p$$

#### Null Laws

$$p \wedge \mathbf{F} \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{F} \quad p \vee \mathbf{T} \Leftrightarrow \mathbf{T}$$

#### Absorption Laws

$$p \wedge (p \vee q) \Leftrightarrow p \quad p \vee (p \wedge q) \Leftrightarrow p$$

#### DeMorgan's Laws

$$\neg(p \vee q) \Leftrightarrow \neg p \wedge \neg q \quad \neg(p \wedge q) \Leftrightarrow \neg p \vee \neg q$$

#### Involution Law

$$\neg(\neg p) \Leftrightarrow p$$

### Implications and Equivalences

#### Detachment (Modus Ponens)

$$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge p \Rightarrow q$$

#### Indirect Reasoning (Modus Tollens)

$$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge \neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$$

#### Disjunctive Addition

$$p \Rightarrow (p \vee q)$$

#### Conjunctive Simplification

$$(p \wedge q) \Rightarrow p \quad (p \wedge q) \Rightarrow q$$

#### Disjunctive Simplification

$$(p \vee q) \wedge \neg p \Rightarrow q \quad (p \vee q) \wedge \neg q \Rightarrow p$$

#### Chain Rule

$$(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow r) \Rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)$$

#### Resolution

$$(\neg p \vee r) \wedge (p \vee q) \Rightarrow (q \vee r)$$

#### Conditional Equivalence

$$p \rightarrow q \Leftrightarrow \neg p \vee q$$

#### Biconditional Equivalences

$$(p \leftrightarrow q) \Leftrightarrow (p \rightarrow q) \wedge (q \rightarrow p) \\ \Leftrightarrow (p \wedge q) \vee (\neg p \wedge \neg q)$$

#### Contrapositive

$$p \rightarrow q \Leftrightarrow \neg q \rightarrow \neg p$$